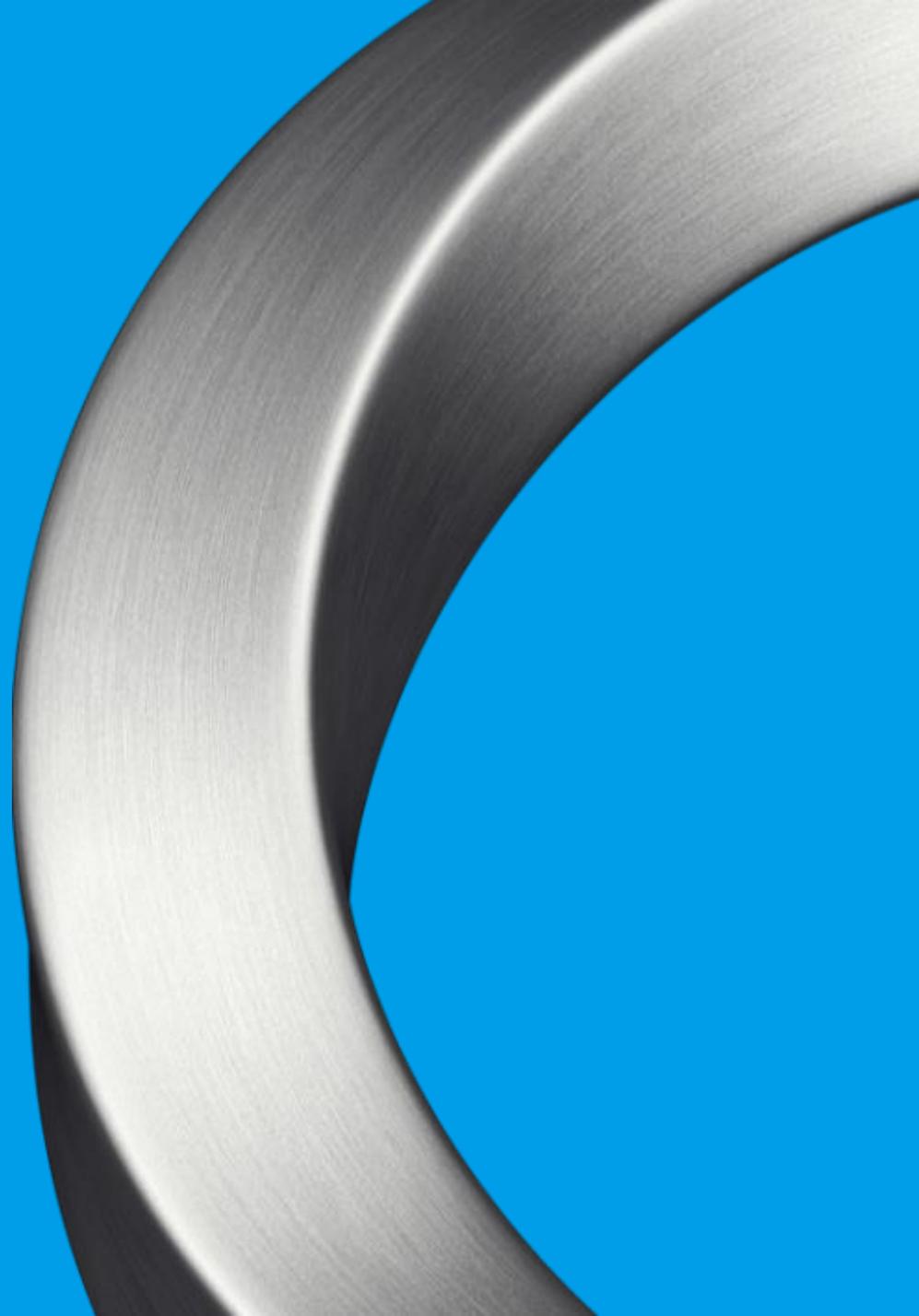


# Interim Report Q3 2013

CEO Mika Seitovirta  
CFO Reinhard Florey

November 1, 2013



# Disclaimer

This presentation contains, or may be deemed to contain, statements that are not historical facts but forward-looking statements. Such forward-looking statements are based on the current plans, estimates and expectations of Outokumpu's management based on information available to it on the date of this presentation. By their nature, forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties, because they relate to events and depend on circumstances that may or may not occur in the future. Future results of Outokumpu may vary from the results expressed in, or implied by, the forward-looking statements, possibly to a material degree. Factors that could cause such differences include, but are not limited to, the risks described in the "Risk factors" section of Outokumpu's latest Annual Report and the risks detailed in Outokumpu's most recent financial results announcement. Outokumpu undertakes no obligation to update this presentation after the date hereof.

# Today's attendees of Outokumpu



**Mika Seitovirta**  
CEO



**Reinhard Florey**  
CFO



**Johanna Henttonen**  
SVP – Investor  
Relations

# Contents

1. Q3 overview and strategic priorities
2. Financial performance
3. Q4 outlook and guidance

# Q3 2013 overview



- Strong efforts continued to significantly reduce working capital leading to a positive operating cash flow of EUR 124 million for Q3
- Synergy and P150 related savings already exceeded full year target
- Financial performance of Calvert operations improving

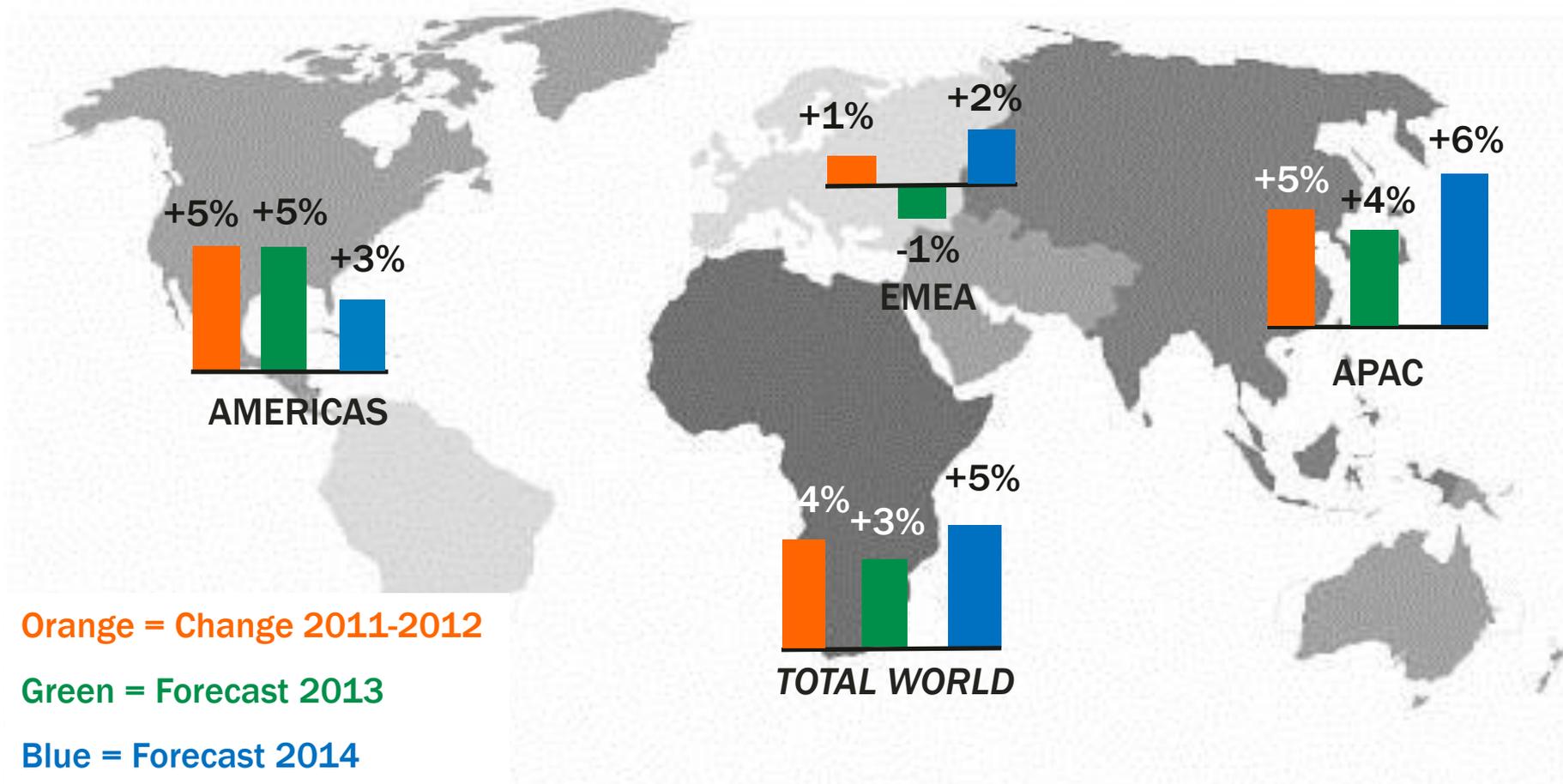


- Continued weak economic environment and stainless steel demand
- Slow summer season and further 7% decline in stainless steel base price and nickel price
- Underlying EBIT of EUR -126 million in line with expectations but still unsatisfactory
- No clear signs of market improvement and challenging EMEA restructuring to impact Q4



Outokumpu won a bid to supply stainless steel for the façade of Ping An Finance Center, set to be the highest skyscraper in China after its completion in 2016. Photo courtesy of Ping An.

# Continued growth for stainless steel globally – Europe will decline in 2013

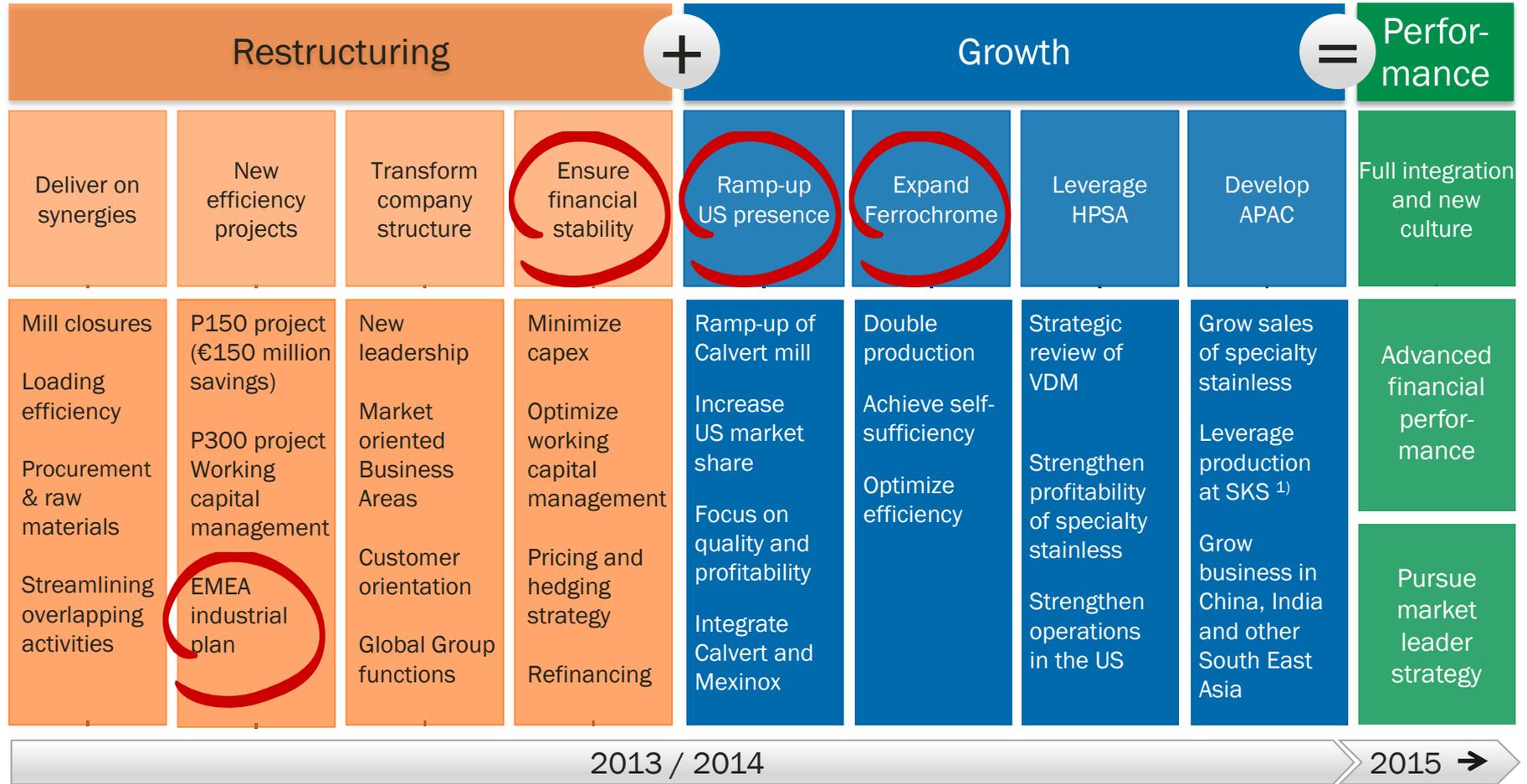


Orange = Change 2011-2012

Green = Forecast 2013

Blue = Forecast 2014

# New Outokumpu Strategy Roadmap



# New EMEA industrial plan introduced

## Oct. 1, 2013

- Acceleration of the melting capacity reduction in Germany to achieve an efficient production footprint in European stainless steel operations.
  - Planned closure of Bochum melt shop already during 2014.
- Capacity optimization to increase efficiency and capacity utilization.
  - Investment of 100 million euros to enable transfer of production from Benrath to Krefeld.
  - Reduction of annealing & pickling capacity by 200,000 tonnes in Finland.
  - Reduction of cold rolling capacity by 300,000-350,000 tonnes in Germany.
- Optimization of company's service center network.
  - Closure of service centers in Langenhagen, Germany and in Barcelona, Spain.
  - Further optimization after the Terni remedy process finalization.
- Further cost savings in all sites, functions and activities across company's European operations

Up-to 1,000 additional job reductions in Europe.

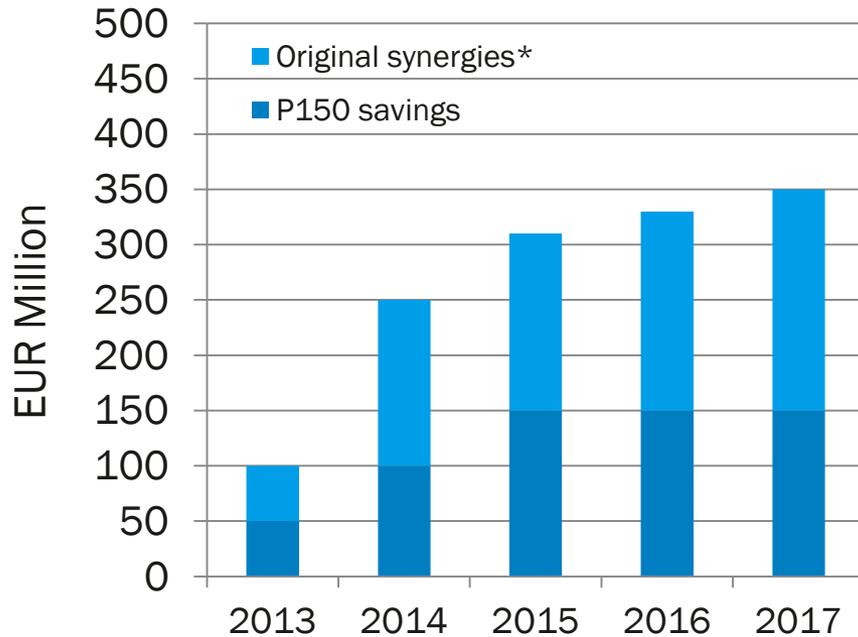
In total, global reductions of 3,500 jobs.

New annual savings of more than EUR 100 million.

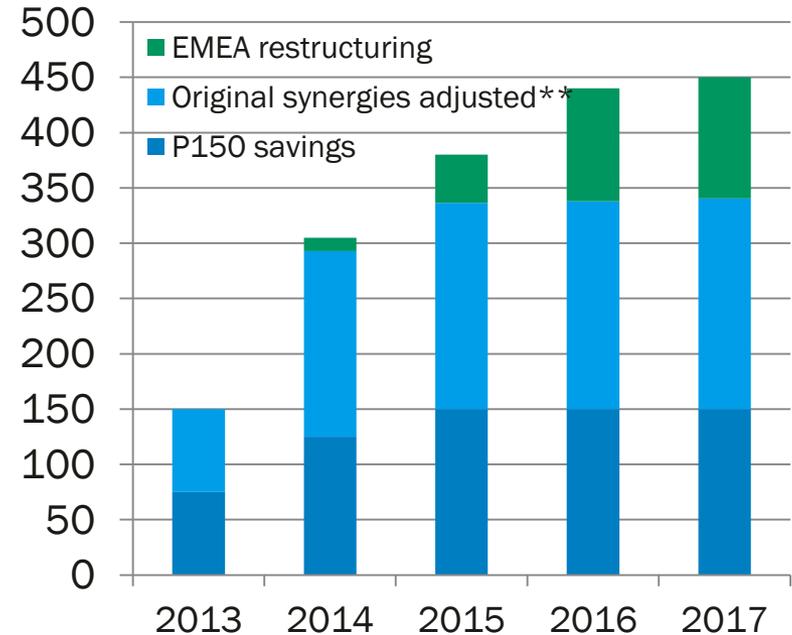
Total annual savings programs to reach EUR 380 million in 2015.

# Overall savings expected to reach EUR 380 million in 2015

Original synergy and P150 savings



Revised expected savings after new EMEA plan



Acceleration and growth of savings as a result of the new plan. New savings of more than EUR 100 million, total savings programs to amount to EUR 380 million in 2015.

\* Original synergies of EUR 200 million as a result of the Inoxum transaction.

\*\* Bochum closure removed from original synergies as it is included into the EMEA restructuring cost savings. Additional identified synergies included.

# Update: US ramp-up

- Improved profitability for BA Americas in Q3 due to ramp up and reversal of the inventory write-downs of Q2
- Ramp-up of the Calvert cold rolling mill showing gradually improving quality
- New production record for the melt shop
- Restrictions of the EU remedy process continue: Terni materials shipped to BA Americas until Q1 2014

## Key profitability levers for Americas business

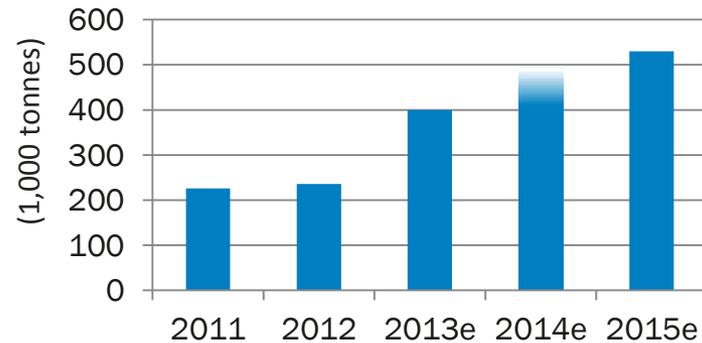
1. Expanding product portfolio and customer base
2. Increasing capacity utilization
3. Discontinuation of hot band supply from Europe
4. Improving yields to reduce costs

Key figures, BA AMERICAS EUR million	Q3/13	Q2/13	Q3/12 comparable
Deliveries (1,000 tonnes)	129	116	102
Sales	251	231	217
EBITDA	-50	-70	-31
EBIT	-68	-87	-44

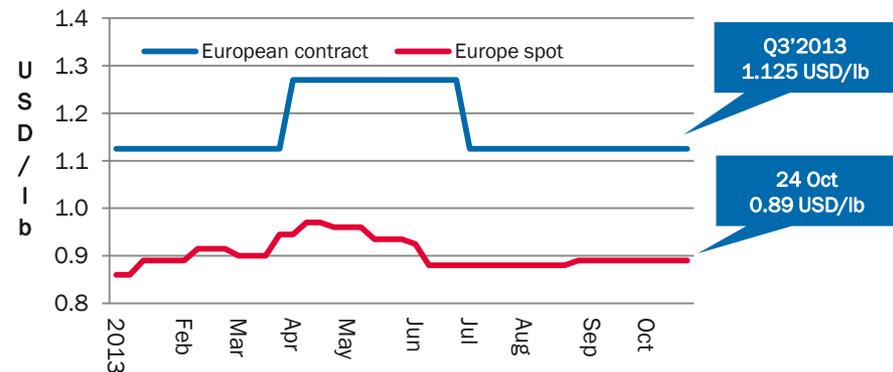
# Update: Ferrochrome operations

- Unique low cost position as Europe's only ferrochrome producer with access to the only known chromite reserves in the EU
- Ferrochrome production of at least 400,000 tonnes expected for 2013 (2012: 230,000 tonnes)
- The performance and profitability of the ferrochrome operations continued on a strong level:
  - Production volume of 315,000 tonnes reached for 9M 2013
- The Q4 2013 benchmark price for ferrochrome settled at 1.125 USD/lb, roll over from Q3

## Outokumpu ferrochrome production



## Ferrochrome price<sup>1</sup> development



# New pricing model DAS introduced for European distributors Jan 1, 2014 ->

## Daily Alloy Surcharge (DAS)

- Valid for European distributor mill-customers
- Base price fixed at order date
- Alloy surcharge can be locked by customer at different locking dates
- Daily Alloy Surcharge is valid for one day

## Positive aspects for...

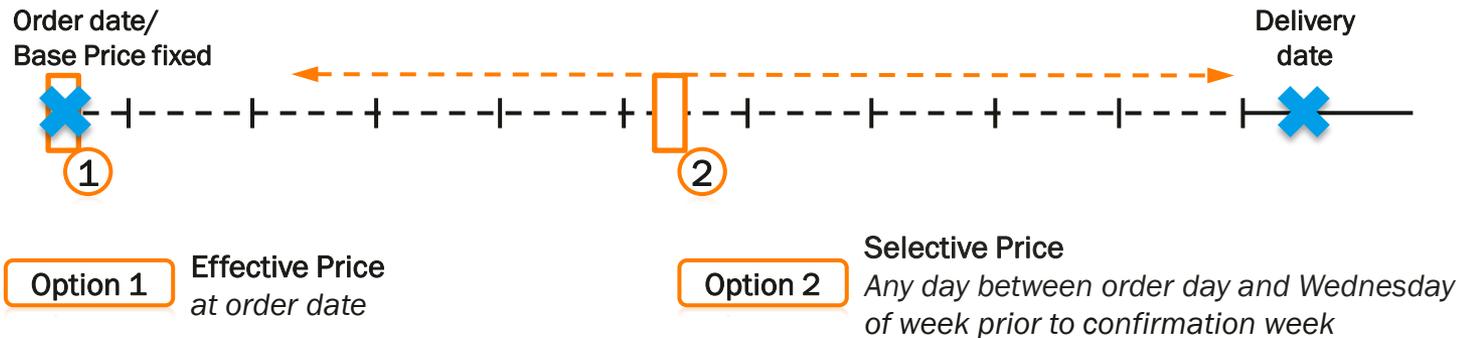
Customer

- Faster reaction on raw material price changes
- Customer can choose between different options
- Avoidance of alloy risks by new options

Outokumpu

- New innovative & competitive pricing model
- Raw material risks can be managed better
- Stabilization of order intake

Locking of DAS



# Update: Strategic reviews and Terni remedy process - progressing according to plans

## VDM

- Strategic review of the VDM unit continues as planned and is progressing well. Decisions are expected to be made by end of 2013.

## Nyby, Kloster and Dahlerbrück

- Strategic review of Nyby, Kloster and Dahlerbrück operations are ongoing and decisions are expected to be made by end of 2013.

## Terni remedy process

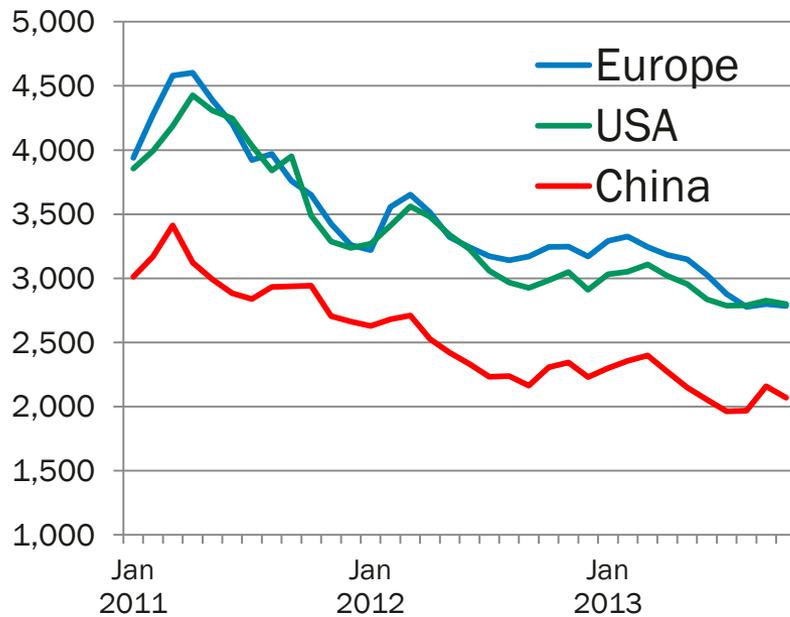
- Continues with an extended time frame that the European Commission granted earlier in the year.
- Discussions continue with a number of interested parties.
- Simultaneously with the Terni sale process, Outokumpu has held discussions with the European Commission about the remedy package but this has not resulted in any change to the overall situation with the Terni divestiture.
- Outokumpu is working intensively to complete the divestment and targets to sign a transaction during the remainder of 2013.

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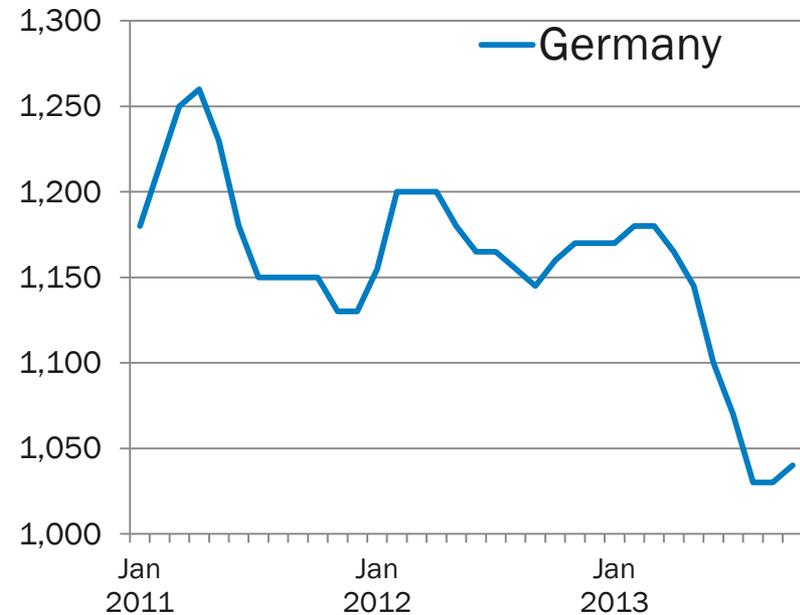
1. Q3 overview and strategic priorities
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# Further decrease in transaction prices

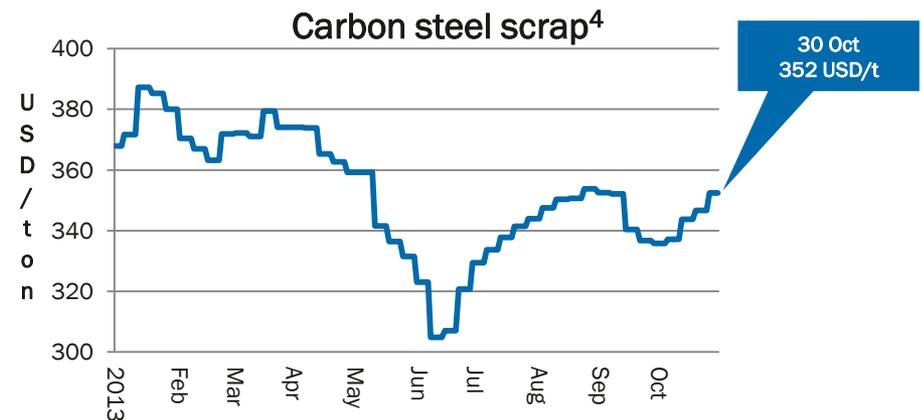
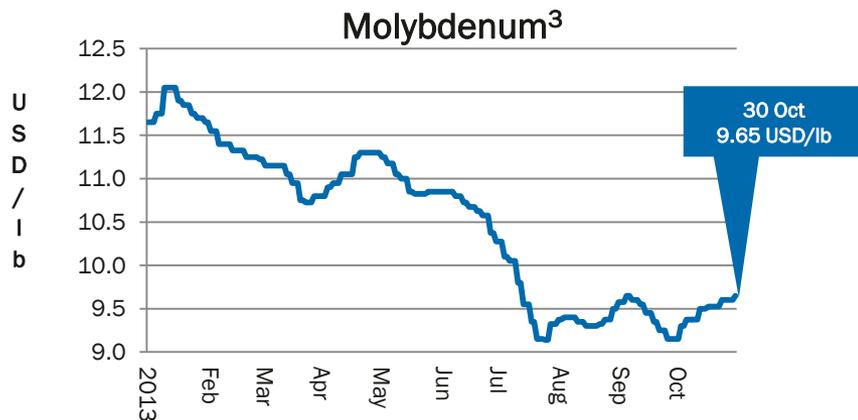
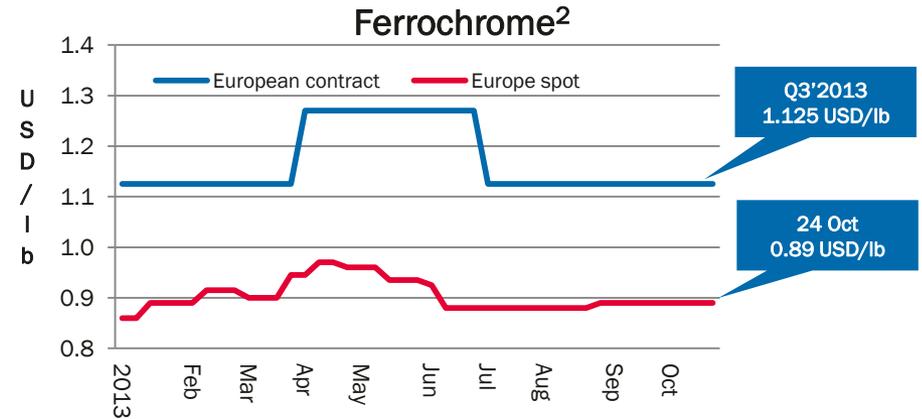
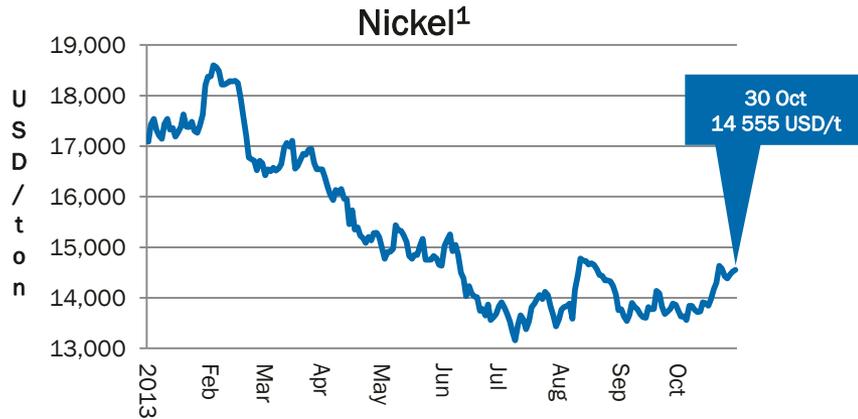
Transaction prices 304 stainless steel (USD) <sup>1</sup>



Base prices 304 stainless steel (EUR) <sup>1</sup>



# Raw materials - Price development in 2013



# Q3 overview

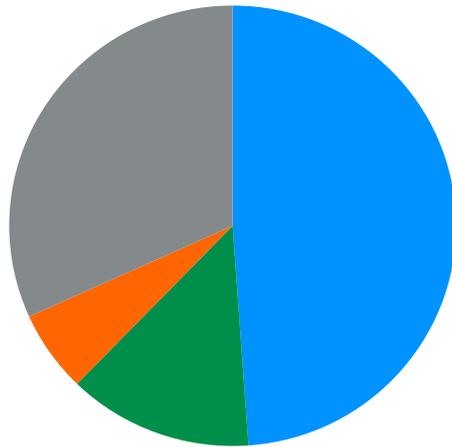
- Q3 2013 stainless steel deliveries declined by 1% to 647,000 tonnes compared to Q2 2013
- Q3 underlying EBIT was EUR -126 million; in line with expectations
- Q3 EBIT includes EUR -1 million non-recurring items and EUR -15 million raw material-related inventory effects
- Synergy savings of EUR 69 million achieved in the first nine months of 2013 – already exceeding target of EUR 50 million in 2013
- Ferrochrome ramp-up has progressed as planned with production of 106,000 tonnes in Q3 2013
- Operating cash flow was positive at EUR 124 million mainly driven by working capital release

EUR million	Q3/13	Q2/13	Q3/12 comparable
Stainless steel deliveries <sup>1)</sup>	647	656	663
Sales	1,923	2,064	2,192
Underlying EBITDA <sup>2)</sup>	-35	12	0
Underlying EBIT <sup>3)</sup>	-126	-80	-93
EBIT	-142	-164	-137
Operating cash flow from cont. operations <sup>4)</sup>	124	-160	n.a.
Capex from cont. operations <sup>4,5)</sup>	62	42	217

# Sales and deliveries by Business Areas

Q3 2013 external sales by BA <sup>1)</sup>

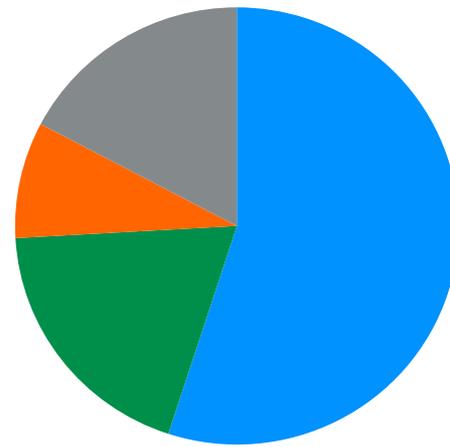
Group sales EUR 1.9 billion



■ EMEA 49%    ■ Americas 13%  
■ APAC 6%    ■ HPSA 32%

Q3 2013 external stainless deliveries by BA <sup>1,2)</sup>

Group deliveries 647,000 tonnes

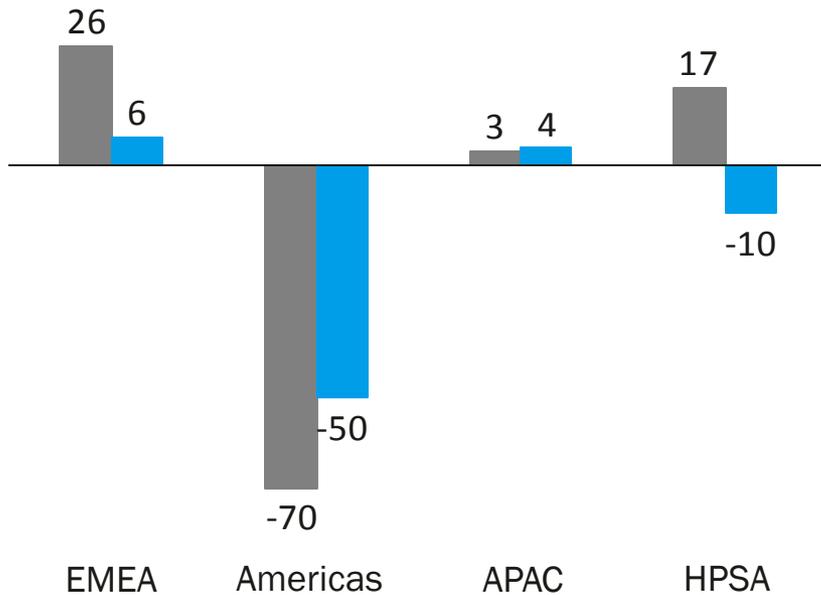


■ EMEA 55%    ■ Americas 19%  
■ APAC 9%    ■ HPSA 17%

# EBITDA and EBIT by Business Areas

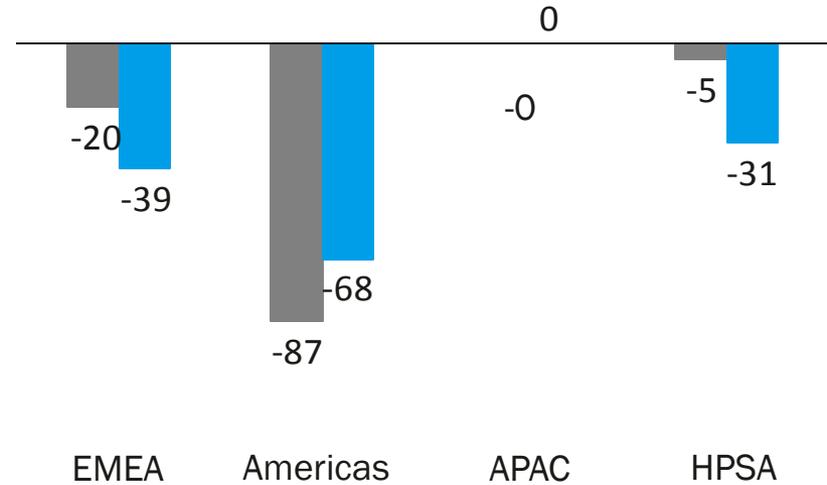
EBITDA excl. NRI <sup>1)</sup> per Business Area

EUR million



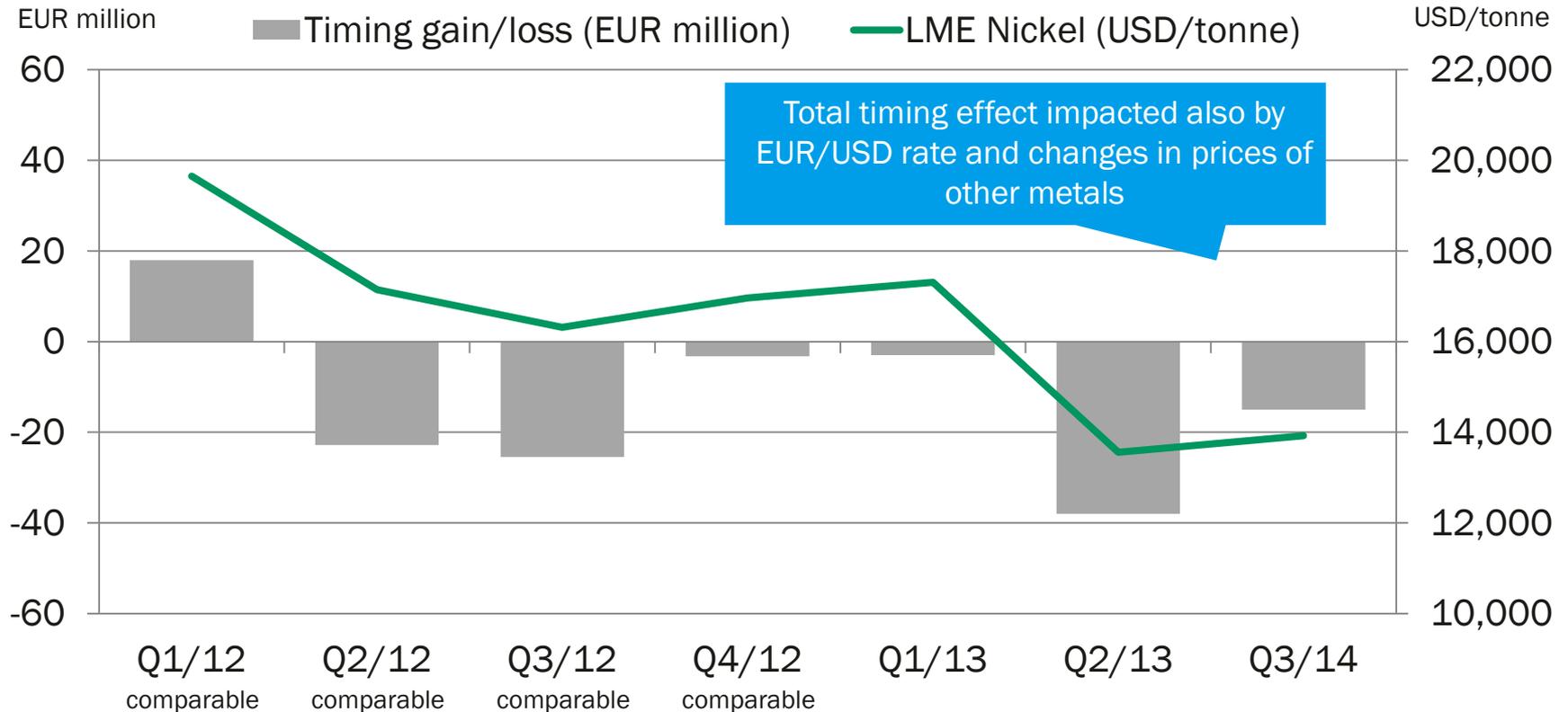
EBIT excl. NRI <sup>1)</sup> per Business Area

EUR million



■ Q2/13 ■ Q3/13

# LME nickel prices and net timing impacts



The realized timing gain or loss per tonne of stainless steel is estimated based on the difference between the purchase price and invoice price of each metal in EUR per tonne times the average metal content in stainless steel. The unrealized timing impact consists of the change in net realizable value – NRV during each quarter. If there is a significant negative change in metal prices during the quarter, inventories are written down to NRV at the end of the period to reflect lower expected transaction prices for stainless steel in the future. As this timing impact is expected to be realized in the cash flow of Outokumpu only after the raw material has been sold, it is referred to as being unrealized at the time of the booking.

# Positive operating cash flow driven by NWC release

EUR million	Q3/13	Q2/13
Net cash from operating activities	124	-160
Net cash from investing activities	-51	-54
Free cash flow	73	-214
Net cash from financing activities	46	256
Net change in cash and cash equivalents	119	42

- Positive cash flow of EUR 124 million driven by EUR 223 million release of NWC with strong contribution from all Business Areas
- In the first nine months of 2013 working capital of EUR 109 million was released

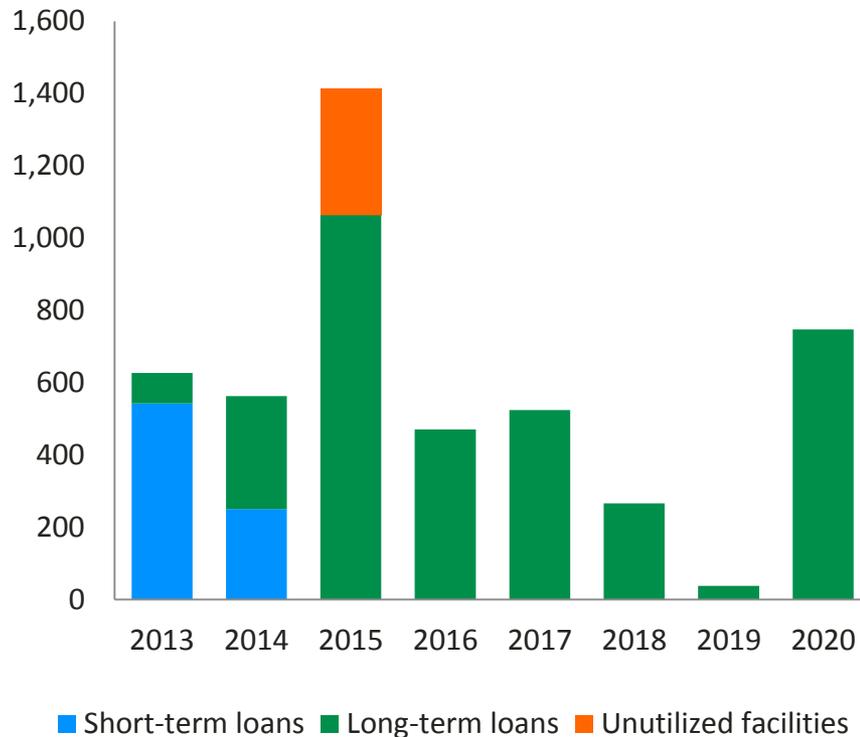
# Capital structure

EUR million	Q3/13	Q2/13
Net interest-bearing debt	2,981	3,041
Equity	2,261	2,522
Equity-to-assets ratio, %	25.0	26.2
Debt-to-equity ratio (gearing), %	131.8	120.6

- Net interest-bearing debt decreased to EUR 2,981 million mainly due to positive cash flow
- Outokumpu's gearing up to 131.8% due to the decline in equity driven by continued negative result
- Liquidity reserves in excess of EUR 900 million (June 30, 2013: approx. EUR 800 million), increase driven by the positive free cash flow in Q3

# Liquidity and maturity profile of debt

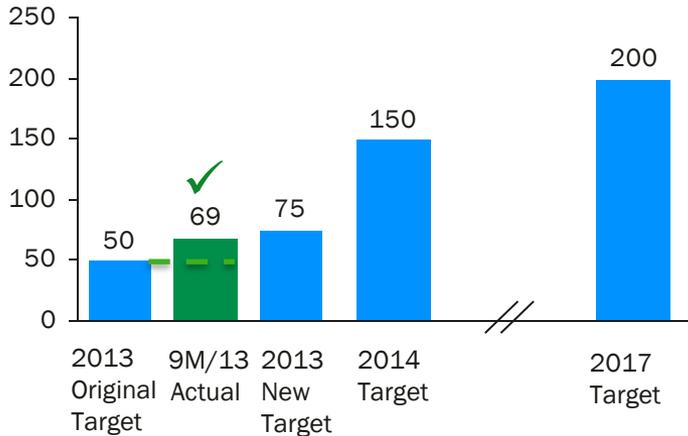
## Debt maturities September 30, 2013, MEUR



- Overall liquidity reserves of >EUR 900 million (June 30, 2013: approx. EUR 800 million). The increase driven by the positive free cash flow
- New EUR 900 million committed revolving credit facility signed in July 2013
  - Utilized by EUR 550 million at the end of September 2013
- Outokumpu's target is to clearly reduce net debt by various measures and extending existing financing agreements

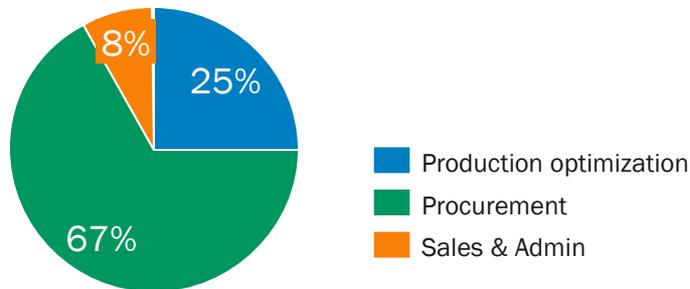
# Update synergy savings – EUR 69 million achieved in 9M 2013

Synergy savings over time (cumulative)



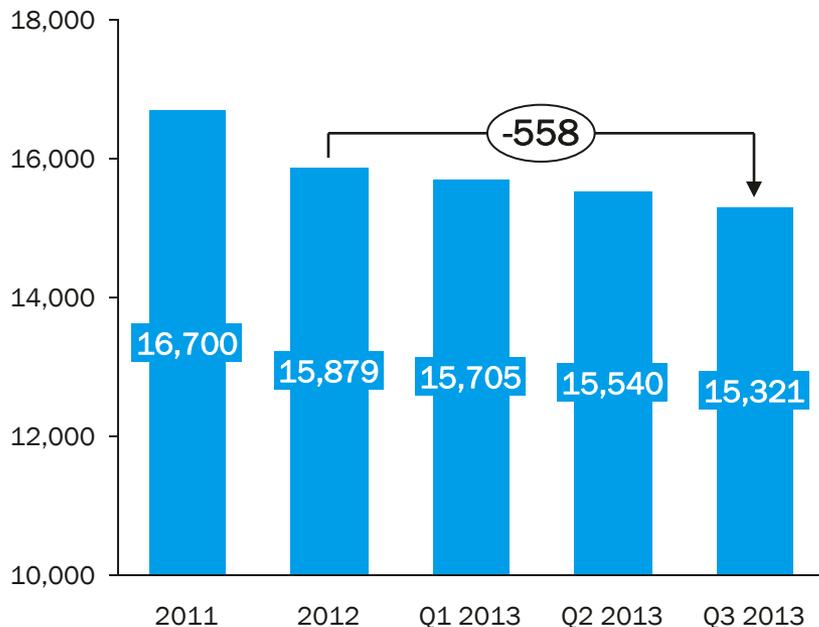
- EUR 69 million synergy savings achieved in the first nine months of 2013, exceeding the target of EUR 50 million for 2013
- Annual synergy savings target for 2013 now expected to exceed EUR 75 million
- Contributions from raw material procurement, Krefeld melt shop ramp-down and headcount reductions
- Around EUR 150 million of the annual savings expected to be achieved during the first 2 years

Split of synergies for the 9M/13



# Further headcount reductions as announced

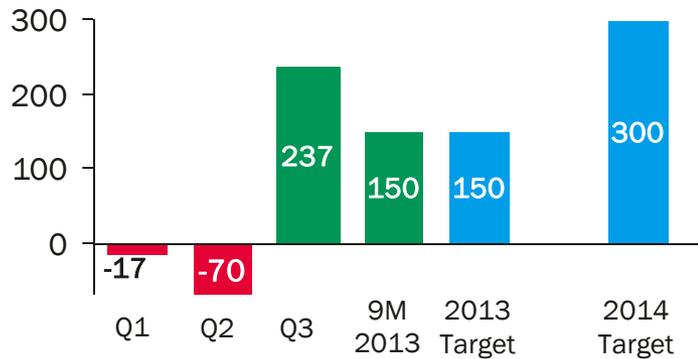
Personnel at the end of reporting period <sup>1)</sup>



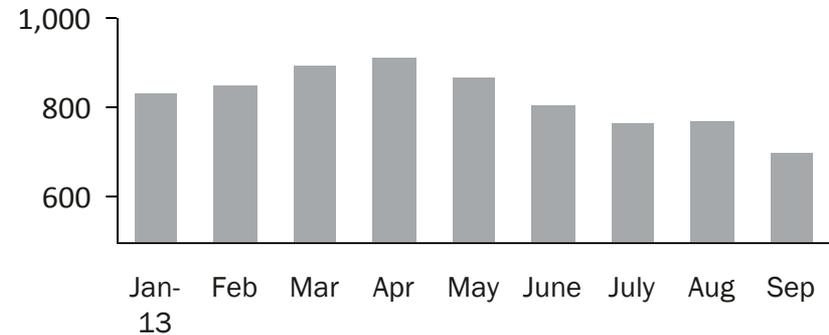
- New EMEA industrial plan includes an additional reduction of up-to 1,000 jobs
- New target is to reduce global headcount by 3,500 between 2013-2017
- 2013 ytd headcount reduction: 558 positions
- Target to reduce headcount by 770 in 2013

# P300: Target to reduce net working capital of EUR 300 million by the end of 2014

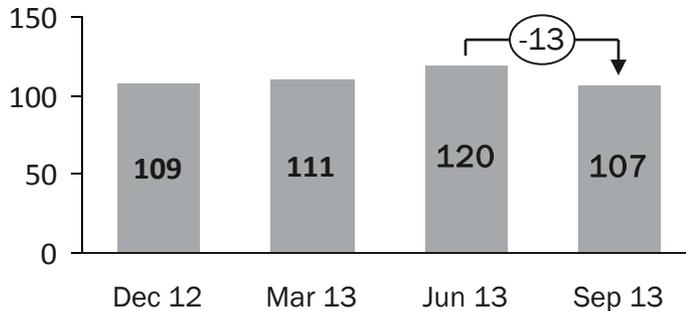
Cash flow from working capital change <sup>1)</sup>



Inventory development (1,000 tonnes) <sup>2)</sup>



Inventory days development <sup>2)</sup>



- Considerable net working capital reduction during Q3 mainly driven by inventories
- Inventory days decreased by 13 due to lower sales volumes combined with significantly reduced inventory tonnes
- Target to reach working capital reduction of EUR 150 million for 2013 is unchanged

1) Graph shows change in accounts payables, accounts receivables and inventories and differs from the change in working capital as presented in CF statement which also includes provisions. Change in provisions included in CF statement for the 9M/13 are EUR -41 million (Q3 EUR -15 million).

2) Figures are representing continued operations and exclude FeCr operations.

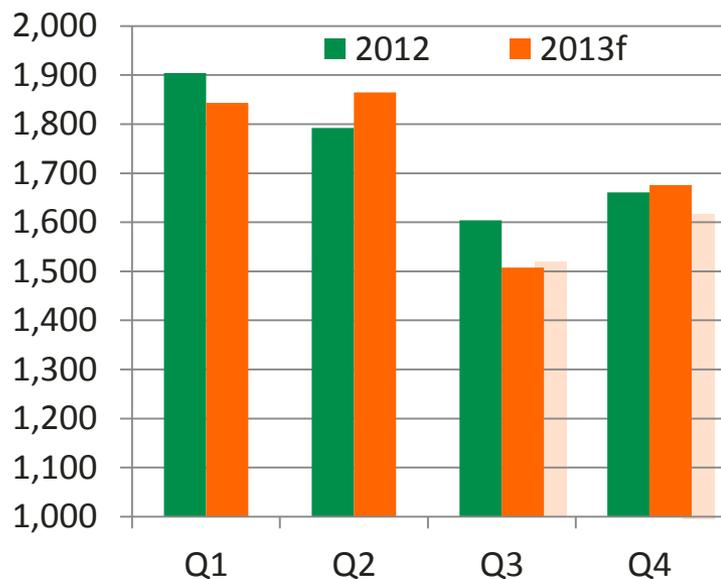
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# Market to improve slightly in EMEA and remain stable in Americas in Q4 2013

EMEA total stainless steel real demand<sup>1)</sup>

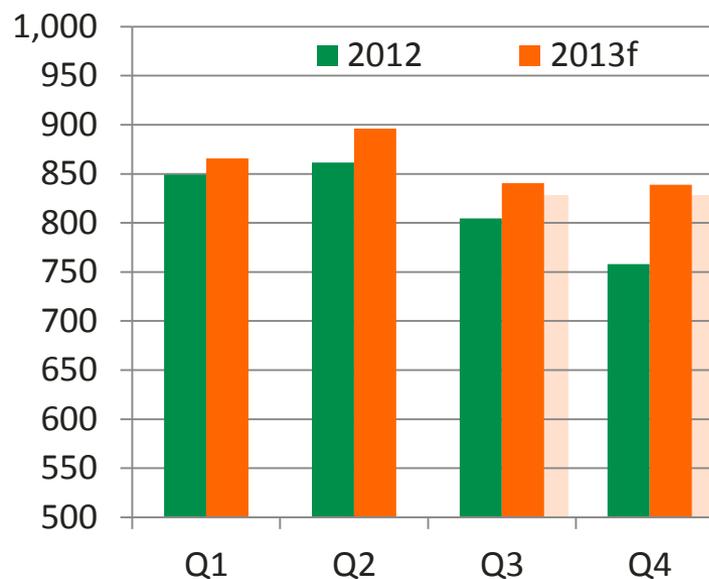
1,000 tonnes



SMR July 2013 forecast

Americas total stainless steel real demand<sup>1)</sup>

1,000 tonnes



# Business and financial outlook – Q4 2013

- Outokumpu expects
  - No major improvement in the market demand for the rest of the year and overall visibility continues weak
  - Sequentially lower delivery volumes, some improvement in base prices and similar product mix as in the third quarter
  - The progress in the cost efficiency initiatives, synergies and cash release programs is expected to be steady
- Outokumpu estimates the underlying EBIT in Q4 2013 to be on approximately the same level or slightly worse than Q3
  - At current metal prices, marginal raw material related timing losses, if any, are expected
  - Outokumpu's operating result in Q4 could be impacted by non-recurring items associated with the Group's ongoing restructuring programs

# Key targets updated

## Capex

Capital expenditure expected to decline to approximately EUR 300 million in 2013 (FY 2012: EUR 821 million). Management target is to push capital expenditure down further in 2014 towards EUR 250 million.

## Ferrochrome

Ferrochrome production targeted to be at least 400,000 tonnes in 2013 (FY 2012: 230,000 tonnes).

## Costs

### Synergies

>EUR 75 million during 2013, EUR 200 million in 2017

### P150

>EUR 75 million in 2013, EUR 150 million for full year 2015

### EMEA

Additional savings of more than EUR 100 million in 2017

### Phasing

Annual savings of EUR 150 million in 2013, 300 million in 2014, EUR 380 million in 2015, EUR 440 million in 2016 and EUR 450 million in 2017.

## BA Americas

Continued progress in the Calvert operational ramp-up in the coming months. Due to the issues with high inventory levels this year and ramp-up challenges the target for Stainless Coil Americas is to gradually improve profitability in 2014.

# Transformation of Outokumpu – Good progress but more work to be done

## On a solid path

- Acceleration and growth of savings
  - Synergies and P150 materializing ahead of schedule
  - Acceleration in EMEA as per new industrial plan
  - Combined savings of EUR 380 million in 2015
- Continued strong focus on NWC reduction (P300) & cash flow
- Ferrochrome ramp-up progressing and Calvert improving

## Further work to be done

- EMEA restructuring and turnaround
- Americas financial performance
- Finalization of Terni remedy process and other strategic reviews
- Strengthening of the balance sheet



Outokumpu's work for the environment and against the climate change was recognized again by Dow Jones and CDP who ranked Outokumpu among the five performance leaders in the Nordic countries.

# Q&A

Thank you for your attention!



# Appendix

# Outokumpu balance sheet

<b>Assets (MEUR)</b>	<b>30.9.13</b>	<b>31.12.12</b>
<b>Non-current assets</b>		
Intangible assets	618	629
Property, plant and equipment	3,551	3,697
Interest bearing assets	250	234
Other receivables	5	8
Deferred tax assets	99	89
<b>Total non-current assets</b>	<b>4,523</b>	<b>4,658</b>
<b>Current assets</b>		
Inventories	1,813	2,308
Interest bearing assets	87	121
Trade and other receivables	967	1,037
Cash and cash equivalents	439	222
<b>Total current assets</b>	<b>3,306</b>	<b>3,687</b>
<b>Assets held for sale</b>	<b>1,212</b>	<b>1,326</b>
<b>Total assets</b>	<b>9,041</b>	<b>9,671</b>

- Goodwill is at EUR 480 million (including the Inoxum transaction goodwill of EUR 7 million).
- Assets held for sale (EUR 1,212 million) and liabilities directly attributable to assets held for sale (EUR 578 million) containing the remedy assets. This translates to a net asset value of Terni and Willich on the balance sheet of EUR 633 million.

# Outokumpu balance sheet

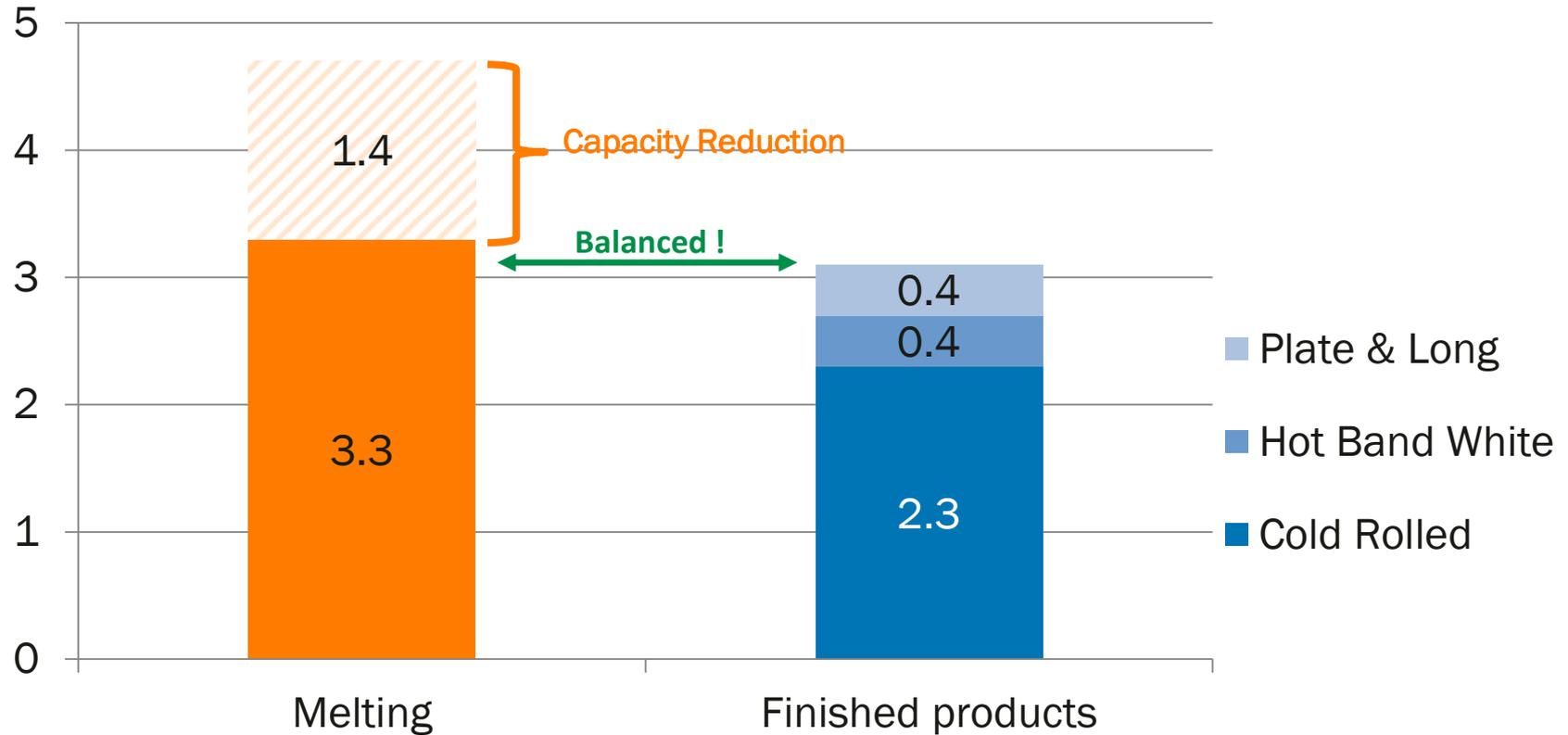
<b>Equity and liabilities (MEUR)</b>	<b>30.9.13</b>	<b>31.12.12</b>
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>2,261</b>	<b>2,952</b>
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		
IB <sup>1)</sup> liabilities	3,301	2,974
Deferred tax liabilities	86	90
Provisions <sup>2)</sup>	525	542
Trade payables and other non IB <sup>1)</sup> liabilities	7	5
<b>Total non-current liabilities</b>	<b>3,919</b>	<b>3,611</b>
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
IB <sup>1)</sup> liabilities	1,089	763
Provisions	25	36
Trade payables and other non IB <sup>1)</sup> liabilities	1,169	1,522
<b>Total current liabilities</b>	<b>2,283</b>	<b>2,321</b>
<b>Liabilities directly attributable to assets held for sale</b>	<b>578</b>	<b>786</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>	<b>9,041</b>	<b>9,671</b>

- The total non-current interest bearing liabilities of EUR 3,301 million include the ThyssenKrupp loan note of EUR 1,269 million (June 30, 2013: EUR 1,256). The increase reflects capitalized interest.

# Outokumpu global production - healthy balance between melting and finished with planned closures

(planned state end of 2015)

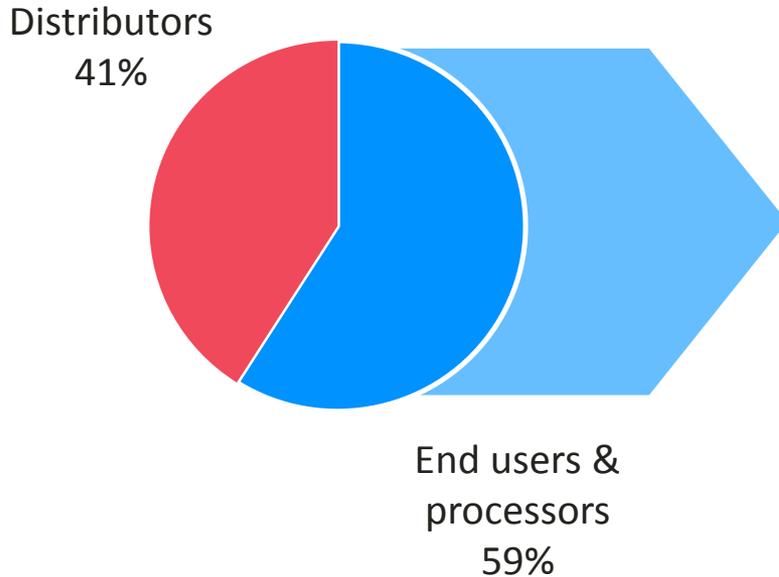
Thousand tonnes





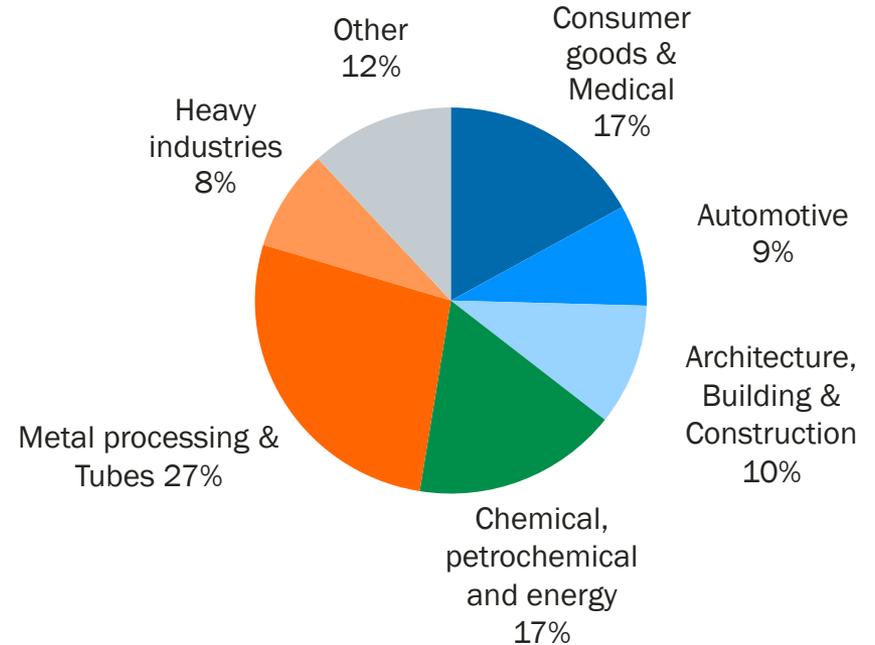
# Balanced customer base across industries

## Sales by customer segment



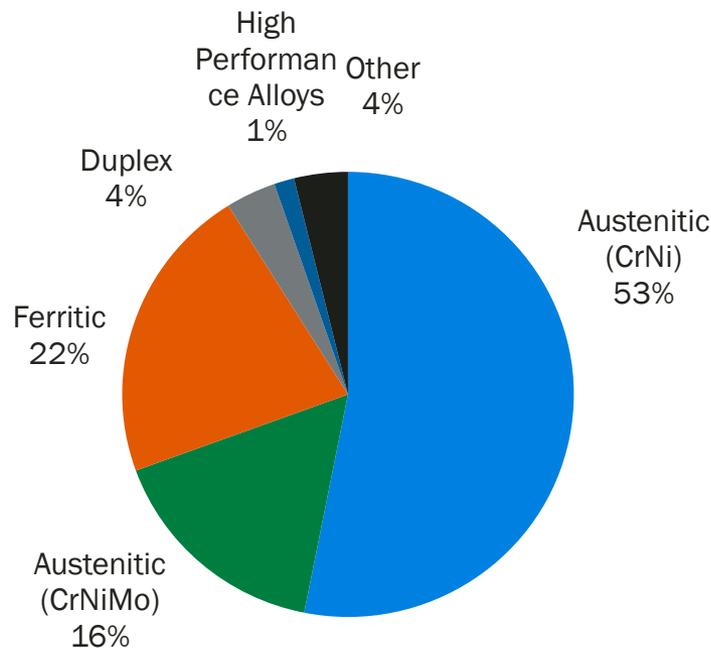
## Sales by end-customer segment

Healthy balance between end-customer segments across both investment and consumer driven industries



# Broadest product portfolio across stainless steel

## Deliveries by product grade <sup>1)</sup>



- New Outokumpu has a broad product portfolio to serve all customers <sup>2)</sup>
- Significantly higher share of ferritic grades leads into reduced sensitivity to Nickel price volatility
- Outokumpu product mix closely resembles the overall market mix by grade

### All product forms offered

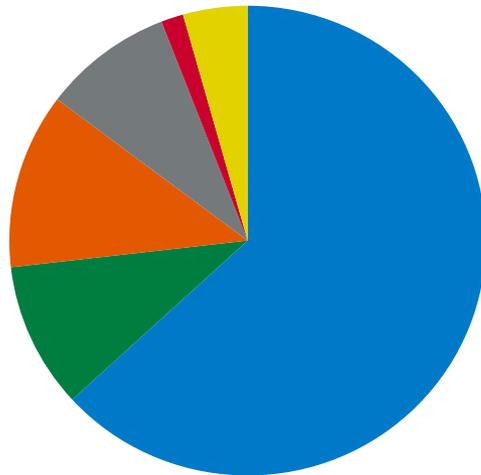


<sup>1)</sup> Management estimates Q3 2013, excl. Terni

<sup>2)</sup> Standalone Outokumpu had only a 5% share of ferritics vs. 22% for the combined entity.

# Cost analysis Q3 2013

## Operative cost components <sup>1) 2)</sup>

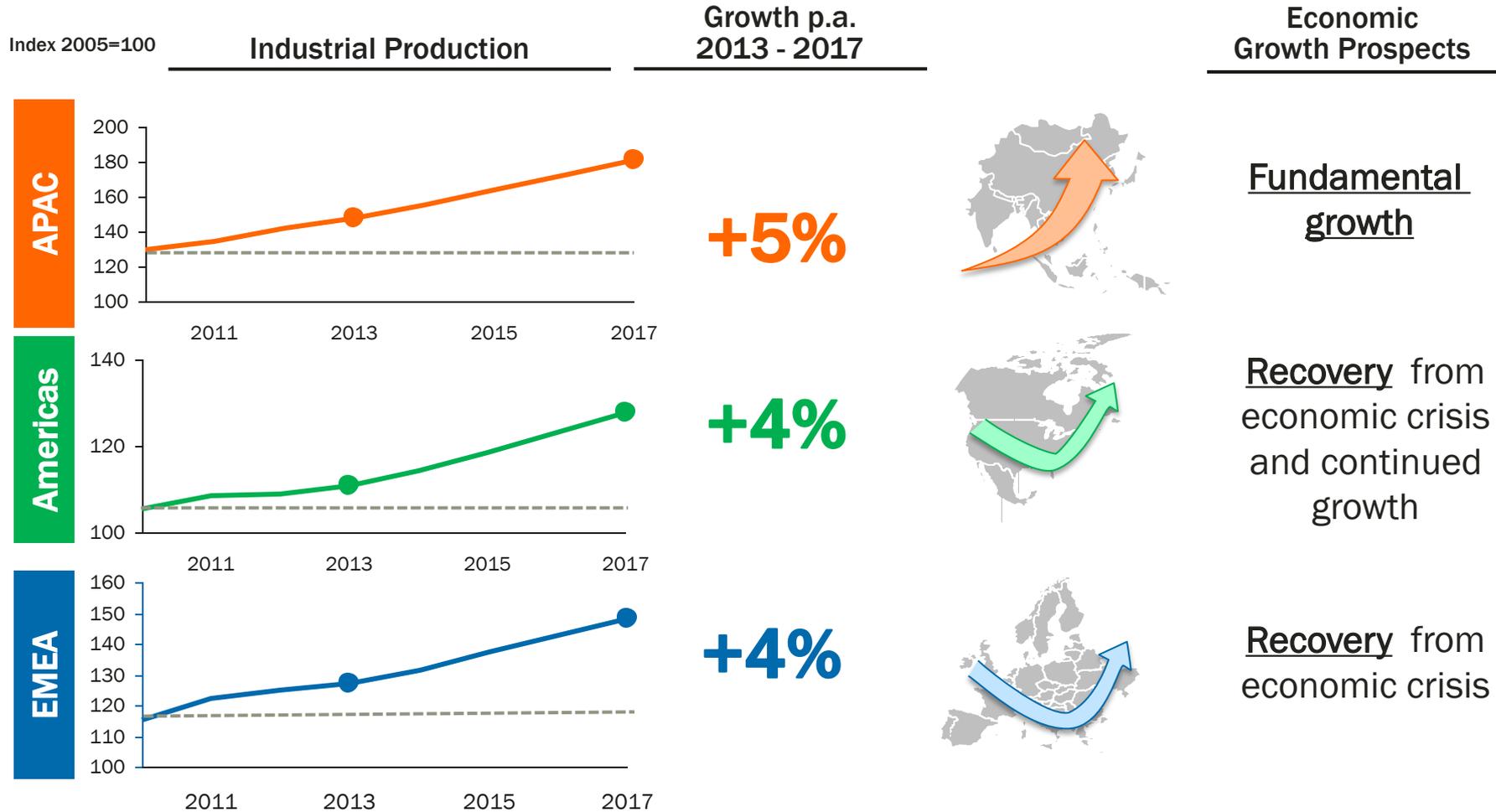


- Raw materials
- Personnel
- Energy and consumables
- Other cost of sales
- SG&A (excl. personnel and D&A)
- D&A total

## Comments

- Raw materials account for around 60-65% of the total operative costs of the Group
- Share of Ni from total raw material cost is around 60%
- Share of Cr from total stainless raw material cost is around 15-20%, but due to the captive supply, the share of Cr from the Group's raw material cost is around 10-15%
- Energy and other consumables account for some 10% of the total operative costs
- Personnel expenses also some 10% of the total operative costs
- Other cost of sales includes e.g. freight, maintenance and rents and leases

# Industrial production as the major driver for stainless growth...



# ... leads to growing stainless consumption mainly in APAC, and to some extent in Americas and EMEA

[Total stainless real demand in million tonnes]

